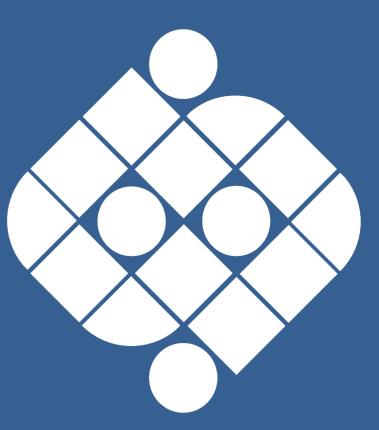


System Call Interception for Serverless Isolation

Nishant B Somy, Abhijit Mondal, Bishakh C Ghosh, Sandip Chakraborty Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur



Introduction

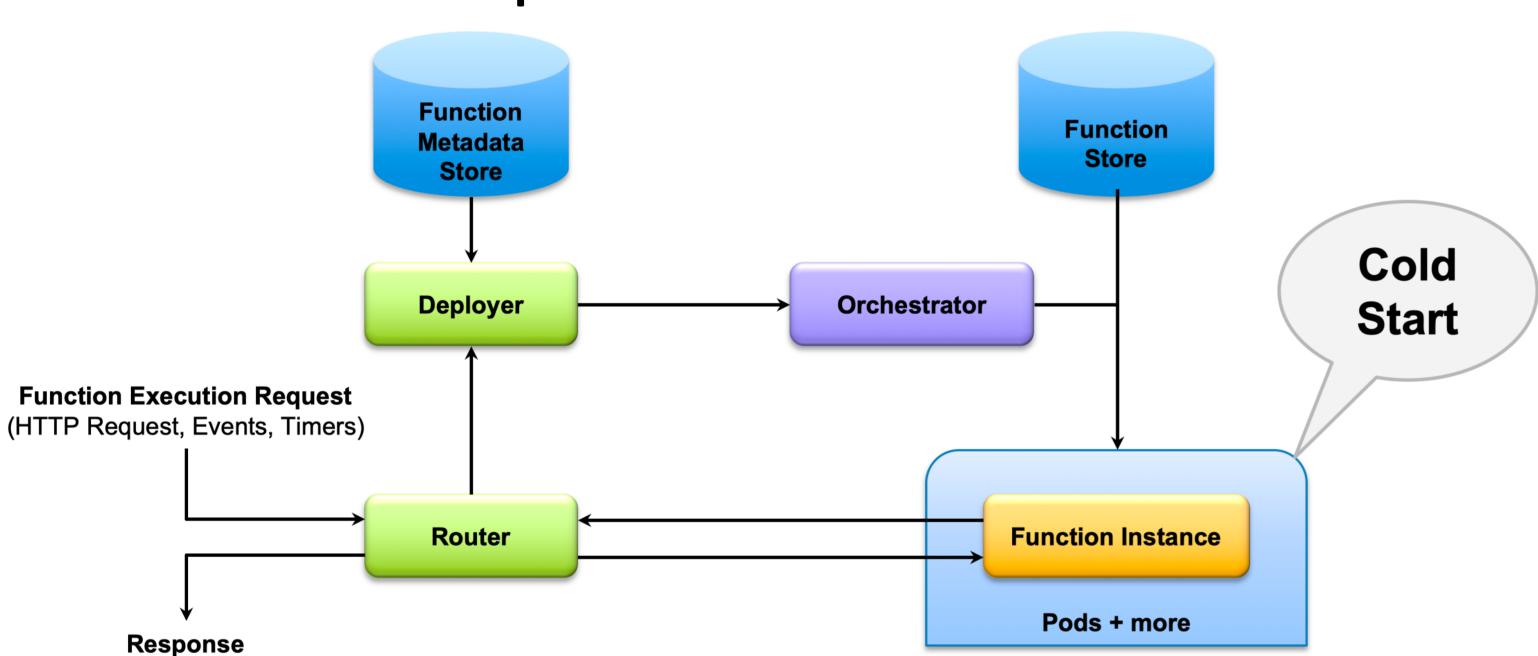
- Majority of Serverless platforms use containers for isolation.
- These type of platforms suffer from *Cold Starts* problem.
- Language based solutions exists but are restrictive.
- Worst case scenario: all requests suffer cold start latency.

Contribution

- Designed novel serverless architecture mitigating cold starts.
- It is also language agnostic in nature.

Cold Starts?

- After a stipulated time with no request, orchestrator stops the containers serving those requests.
- Any new request needs to wait for the container to start which adds to response time.



Isolation Guarantees

- **Function Function isolation**
- **Function Host isolation**
- Limits on resource utilization (Ongoing)

Epiphany

"Every resource access goes through syscalls"

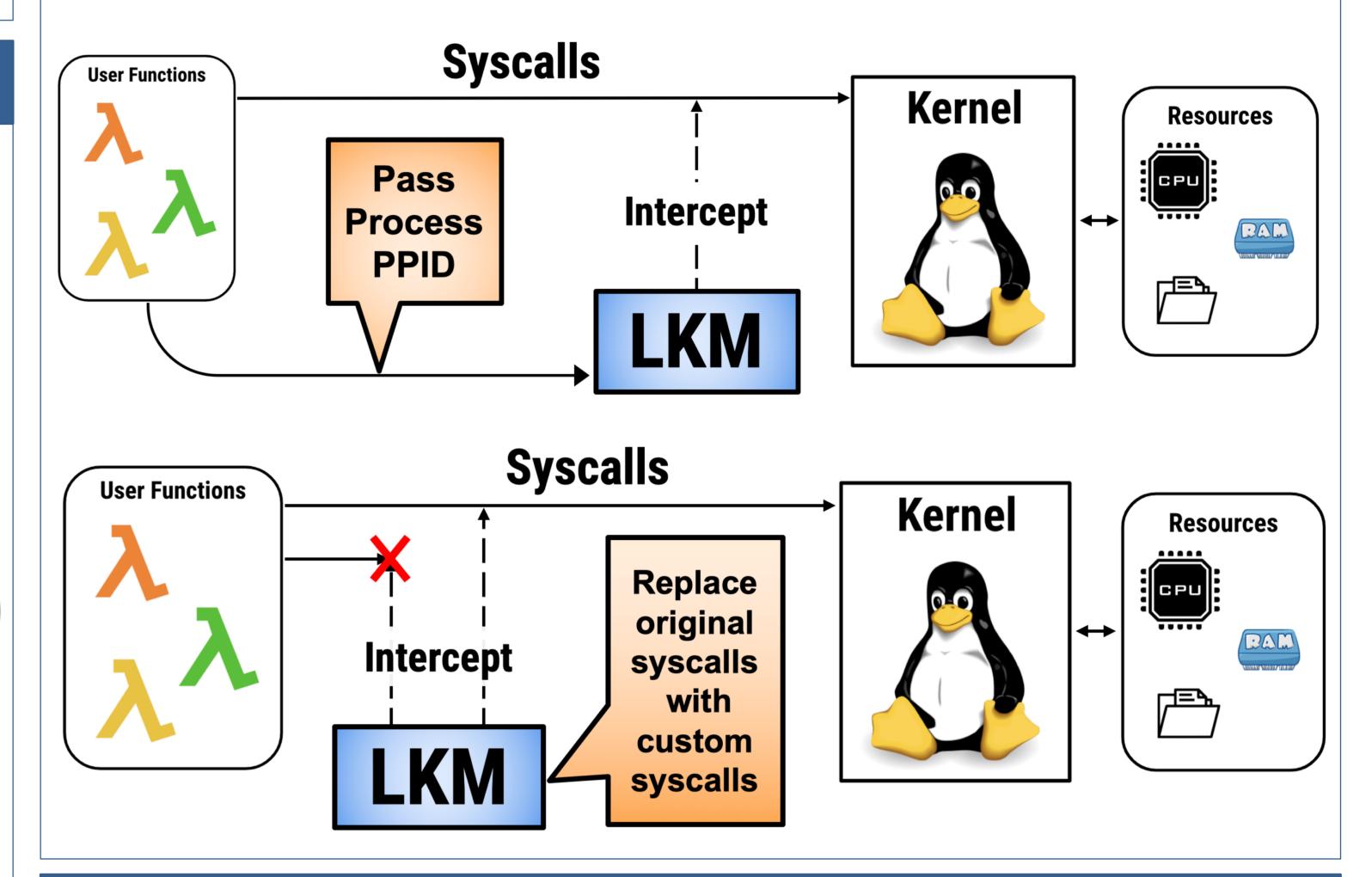
Proposed System

Our model has 2 components:

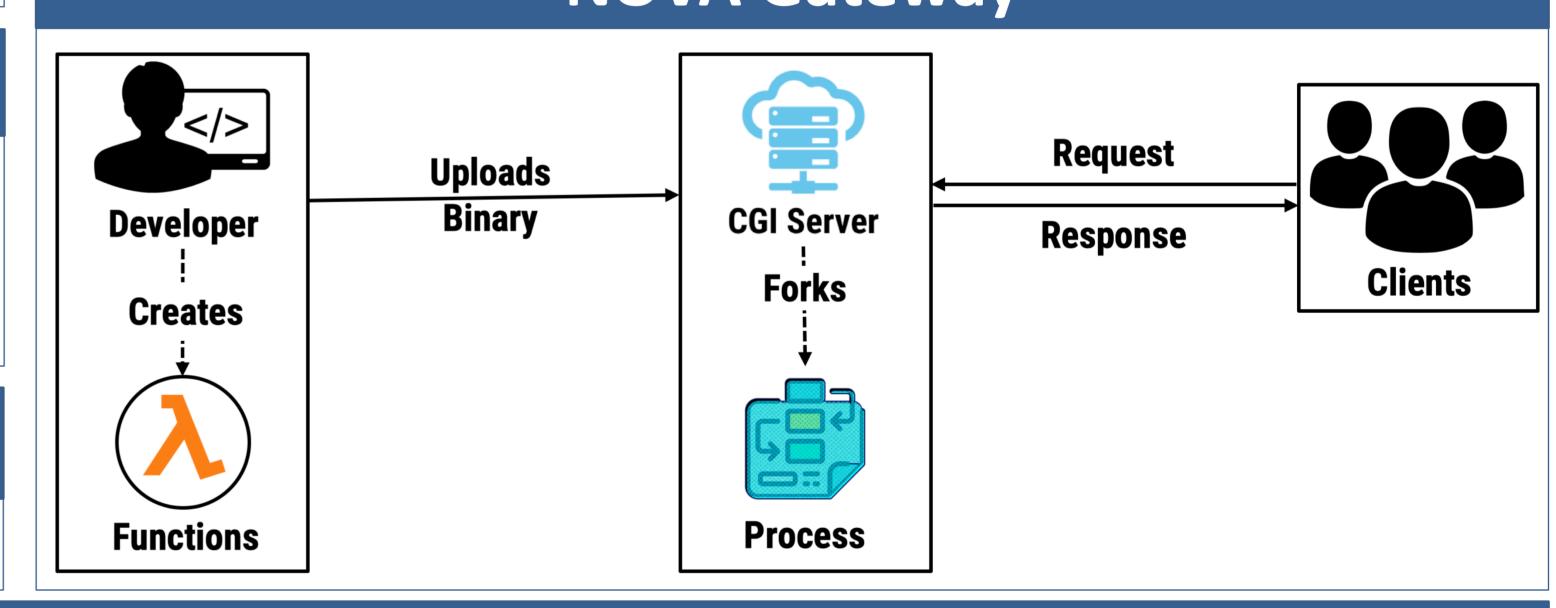
- **NOVA** Interceptor
- **NOVA Gateway**

NOVA Interceptor

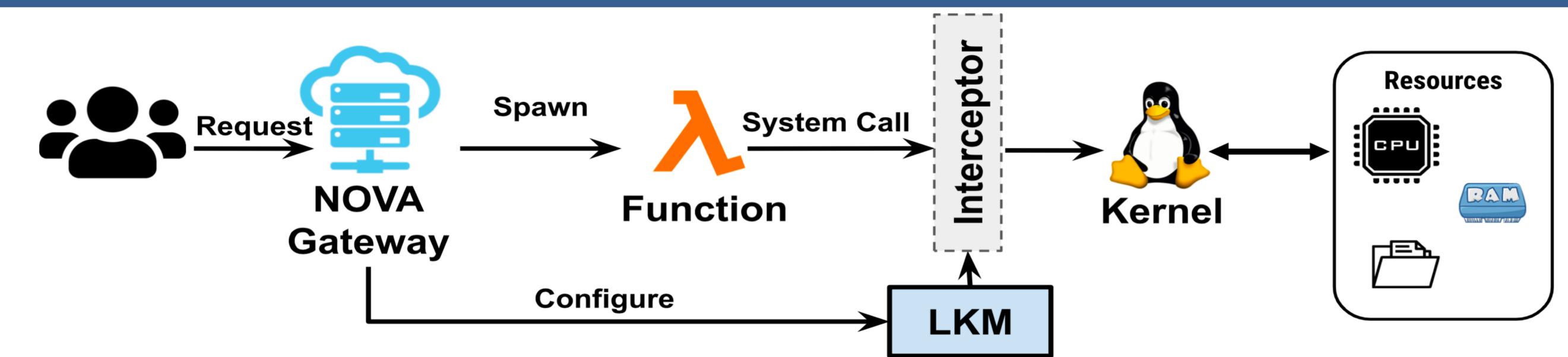
- Replaces syscall table entries with custom syscalls (LKM).
- Intercepts syscalls selectively based on process PPID.
- Custom syscalls act as wrapper over original syscalls.



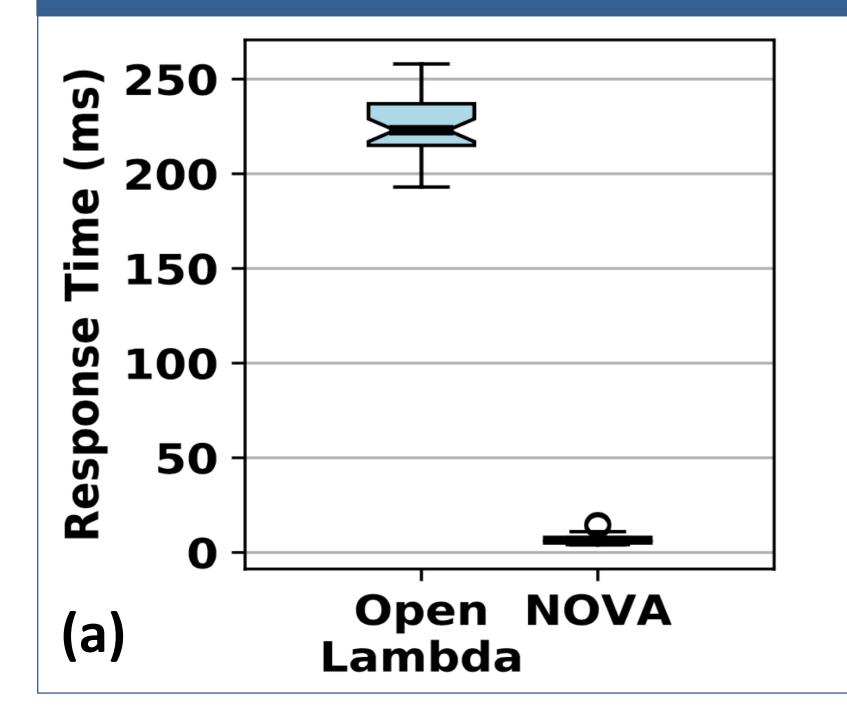
NOVA Gateway

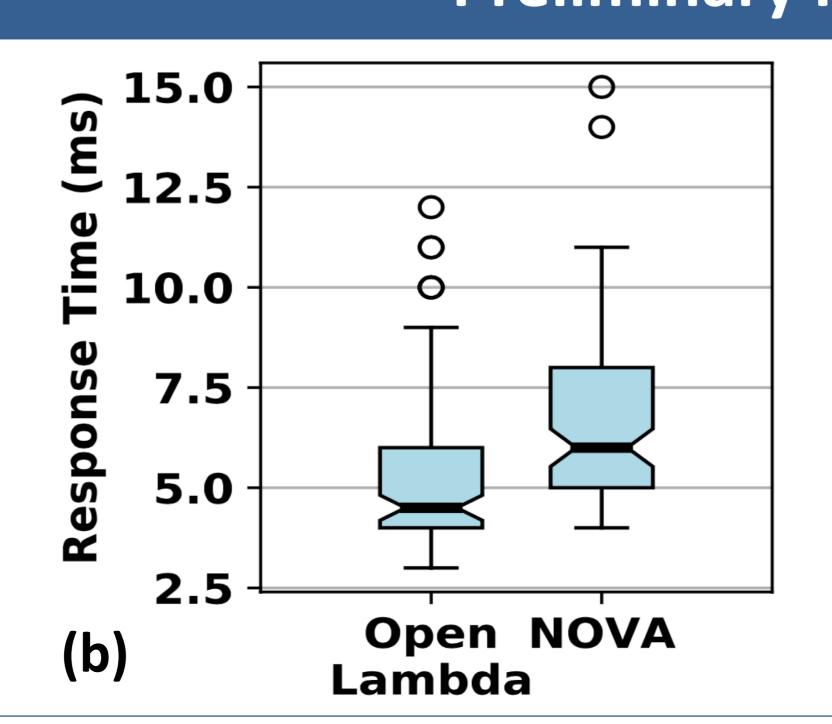


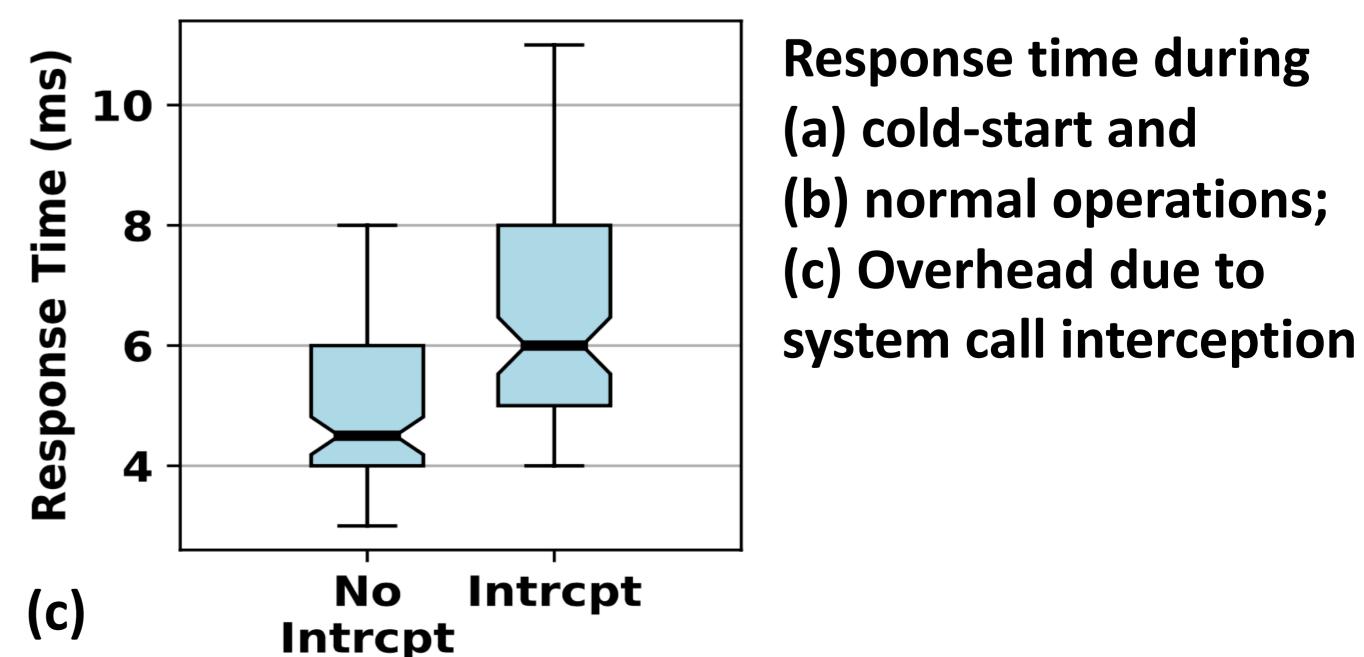
Complete Picture



Preliminary Results







(a) cold-start and (b) normal operations; (c) Overhead due to